



UNIVERSITY OF CALGARY

Curriculum Vitae: Robyn Dhanoa MN RN

Education

Year Completed	Education	Institution
2014	MN	University of Calgary, AB
2007	BSN	University of the Fraser Valley, BC

Licensure/Certification

Year Completed	Licensure/Certification	Institution
Current	RN	College and Association of Registered Nurses of Alberta

Academic Appointments

Year of Appointment	Institution	Academic Rank
2014	University of Calgary	Nursing Instructor (Sessional)

Non-Academic Employment

Years of Employment	Institution	Position
2014-present	Alberta Health Services, Peter Lougheed Centre	RN, Post Anesthetic Care
2008-2015	Alberta Health Services, Peter Lougheed Centre	RN, General Surgery/ENT/Oral Maxillary Unit

Teaching Experience

Dates	Institution	Title of Course	Course Level
2015-2018	University of Calgary	NURS 499	Undergraduate
2014, 2016-2018	University of Calgary	NURS 489	Undergraduate

Scholarship

Scholarship of Application

Type	Project Title /Dates	Funding Source and Amount	Project Members/Roles	Peer-reviewed Scholarly Products Dissemination
A	ACSC Indicator: testing reliability for hypertension. 2017		Walker, R., Ghali, W., Chen, G., Khalsa, T., Mangat, B., Campbell, N., Dixon, E., Rabi, D., Jette, N. Dhanoa, R., & Quan, H.	Journal Article Walker, R. L., Ghali, W. A., Chen, G., Khalsa, T. K., Mangat, B. K., Campbell, N. R. C., . . . Dhanoa, R., & Quan, H. (2017). ACSC Indicator: testing reliability for hypertension. <i>BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making</i> , 17(1), 90. doi:10.1186/s12911-017-0487-4
A	Effect of physician specialist alternative payment plans on administrative health data in Calgary: a validation study. 2015		Cunningham, C., Jette, N., Li, B., Dhanoa, R., Hemmelgarn, B., Noseworthy, T., Beck, C., Dixon, E., Samuel, S., Ghali, W., DeCoster, C., & Quan, H.	Journal Article Cunningham, C. T., Jette, N., Li, B., Dhanoa, R. R., Hemmelgarn, B., Noseworthy, T., . . . Quan, H. (2015). Effect of physician specialist alternative payment plans on administrative health data in Calgary: a validation study. <i>CMAJ Open</i> , 3(4), E406-412. doi:10.9778/cmajo.20140116