

Nursing 301 ADULT HEALTH THEORY

Course Outline

Bachelor of Nursing Accelerated Track

Lec 02

Class Times

January 12 - February 23, 2010

Locations

Tuesday 1215-1415 Classroom: MFH 160 Wednesday 1300-1650 Classroom: ICT 121

Faculty:

Donna Marcy-Edwards RN MN

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Office hours: Tuesday 0900-1130 or by appointment

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COURSE DESCRIPTION

Welcome to Nursing 301! This course is designed to help students focus on expanding their theoretical understanding of the adult experiencing complex acute and chronic illness as well as an understanding of the principles and theories related to nursing this client. Students will utilize strategies of active engagement and self-directed learning in exploring clinical case studies representing selected nursing concepts and human health experiences.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

Upon completion of this course students will have had an opportunity to:

- Integrate theoretical content of nursing, pathophysiology, related lab and diagnostic tests, pharmacology and expected nursing care of the complex adult patient in the acute care setting,
- Apply nursing models and nursing process to develop an understanding of nursing care of the adult with acute and/or chronic illness,
- Identify and describe issues faced by patients with acute or chronic illness based on developmental stages
 of the adult, holistic needs, and the acute care environment.
- Develop a team project and facilitate peer learning and leadership.
- Enhance skills in teamwork and team problem solving.
- Develop skills in accessing resources to guide patient care,
- Apply critical thinking to clinical situations.

COURSE CONTEXT

NURS 301 focuses on nursing care of adult patients with acute and complex health problems related to the major systems of the body. Emphasis is placed upon enhancing critical thinking skills necessary for making sound nursing judgments and the demonstration of self-direction in providing nursing care for patients with complex problems. Nursing interventions articulated by you will consider the adult patient's developmental stage, psychological needs, and cultural background; and the acute care environment. Learning in this course will evolve from a variety of teaching / learning strategies. Faculty, clinical experts, and patients from practice, and student peers will be involved in shaping your learning. Each class will involve three components:

- An examination of human responses to complex pathophysiological alterations in the health of an adult, with identification of goals and nursing interventions to assist patients in managing those changes;
- 2. case study encouraging you to move from the general to the specific application of nursing knowledge within identified body domain and;
- "linking theory to practice" this may involve discussion of another case, and / or the opportunity to have clinical 'experts' and patient 'experts' join the class to share their perspectives. You will have the opportunity to dialogue, pose questions, and share relevant experiences from your clinical practice (NURS 302).

REQUIRED TEXTBOOKS/RESOURCES

American Psychological Association. (2010). Publication manual of the American Psychological Association (6th Ed.). Washington, DC: American Psychological Association.

Canadian Nurses Association (2002). Code of ethics for Registered Nurses. Ottawa, ON, Canada: Author.

*Day, R., Paul, P., Williams, B., Smeltzer, S.C., & Bare, B.G. (Eds). (2007).

Brunner & Suddarth's textbook of medical-surgical nursing. (1st Canadian Ed.). Philadelphia: Lippincott.

*Fischbach, F. (2004). A manual of laboratory and diagnostic tests. (7th ed.), Philadelphia: Lippincott

Kozier, B., Erb, G., Berman Burke, K., Raffin Bouchal, D.S., & Hirst, S., (Eds.). (2004). Fundamentals of nursing: The nature of nursing practice in Canada. Toronto, ON, Canada: Prentice Hall.

COURSE REQUIREMENTS

To be successful in NURS 301, you must complete the following requirements:

Requirement	Due date	Value
Clinical Practice Framework (derived from Nursing model)	January 13, 2010	5%
Mid Term Exam	January 27, 2010 1300-1500 hrs, ICT 121	30%
Group Patient Perspective Presentation	Online presentation date: February 6, 2010 by midnight.	35%
Individual Student Reflection	February 13, 2010	5%
Final Exam	February 24, 2010 1300 -1650 hrs, ICT 121	25%

FACULTY OF NURSING UNDERGRADUATE GRADING SCALE

If the percentage on your assignment is:	The grade on your assignment is:	The weighted grade points will be taken from:	If the total for all assignments is:	Your final grade will be:	And the GPA for the course will be:
98.0 – 100	A+	4.0	3.95-4.00	A +	4.0 Outstanding exceptional analysis and synthesis of subject matter.
93.0 – 97.9	А	3.9	3.85-3.94	А	4.0 Excellent superior performance, showing comprehensive understanding of subject matter.
88.0 - 92.9	A-	3.7	3.50-3.84	Α-	3.7
83.5 - 87.9	B+	3.3	3.15-3.49	B+	3.3
78.0 ~ 83.4	В	3.0	2.85-3.14	B _.	3.0 Good clearly above average performance with knowledge of subject matter generally complete.
73.5 – 77.9	B-	2.7	2.50-2.84	B-	2.7
69.0 - 73.4	C+	2.3	2.15-2.49	C+	2.3
63.5 – 68.9	C*	2.0	1.85-2.14	С	2.0 Satisfactory - basic understanding of the subject matter. [Minimum passing grade for NURS 203/211.]
59.0 - 63.4	C-	1.7	1.50-1.84	C-	1.7
54.5 - 58.9	D+	1.3	1.15-1.49	D+	1.3
50.0 - 54.4	D	1.0	0.50-1.14	D	1.0 [Minimum passing grade for theory courses.]
49.9 or less	F	0	0.00-0.49	F	0.0

Approved by Faculty of Nursing, Executive Committee of Council, June 9, 2005 Editorial Revisions: August 7, 2009

^{*}Nursing 301 Blackboard (Bb) (available through your U of C email account)

^{*}Tomey, A.M. & Alligood, M.R. (2006) Nursing theorists and their work. St. Louis: Mosby.

Course Schedule

Important Points to Remember:

- 1) The readings will be discussed in class with most important concepts identified for study purposes.
- 2) Enhance the learning by sharing your personal stories from clinical.
- 3) BB is an abbreviation for Blackboard

Date	Topic	Presenter	Core Concepts
Tuesday January 12 1215-1415 hrs MFH 160	Introduction to N 301	Prof Marcy-Edwards Prof Linda Shorting	Part 1. Overview of Course Requirements Part 2. Relating Nursing Framework, Models & Theories to Nursing practice. Part 3. Developing 'my' tool for assessment/intervention in clinical practice. Readings for class: Erickson (2007) Philosophy & theory of holism BB Thermond, V.A. (2001)Holism in critical thinking BB Tomey & Alligood – Chapter 1 and Bring text to class
Wednesday January 13 1300 - 1440 ICT 121	The Operative Experience: Concerns and Nursing Intervention DVD Shock	Prof Marcy-Edwards	Part 1: Introduction to the patient experiencing surgery. Part 2: Conducting our own operation Part 3: In class case study of Mr. J. Bee, applying nursing models and process. Readings for Part 1: Watson-Miller, S. (2005). Assessing the postoperative patient: Philosophy, knowledge and theory. 11, 46-51BB Wadlund, D.L. (2006). Laparoscopy: Risks, Benefits & Complications BB Thornlow, D. K et al. (2009). Cascade iatrogenesis: Factors leading to the development of adverse events in hospitalized older adults. BB
1510 - 1650 ICT 121	Obesity and Surgical Implications		Readings for Part 2: D'Angelo, M. (2008). Post-op implications of anesthesia and obesity: a review for the non-anesthetist. BB Maiocco, G. (2008). DVT prevention for the obese patient: Evidence-based nursing interventions
Tuesday January 19 1215-1415 hrs MFH 160	Infectious Disease in the Adult	Prof Linda Shorting	Part 1: Introduction to Infectious Disease, Prevention & Control Part 2: Infection in the Elderly Part 3: Case study: Mr. Clark Austin Readings for class: Moran, D. (2003) Infections in the Elderly BB Hanna, N.F. (2003) Sepsis and Septic Shock

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			ВВ
			Day et al (2007)- Unit 16, Chapter 70
Wednesday January 20	Patient with Respiratory Disorder	Prof Linda Shorting	Part 1: Introduction to the Patient experiencing Altered Respiratory Function
1300-1650 hrs ICT 121	Troopilatory Bioordor		Readings for class: Mahler, Fierro-Carrion,& Baird (2003) Evaluation of dyspnea in the elderly. BB
			Brooks (2001) Post-operative nosociomial pneumonia: Nurse sensitive interventions. BB
			Clark (2006) Pulse oximetry revisited. BB
			Part 2: In class team work
			Case study: Mr. Jim Lawson
Tuesday January 26	Patient with a Chronic Immunologic Disorder.	Prof Marcy-Edwards	Part 1: Introduction to the Patient experiencing an Immunologic Disorder.
1215-1310 hrs MFH 160	Disorder.		Readings for Part 1: Rooney, J. (2004). Oh, those aching joints: What you need to know about arthritis. BB Woods (2004) Arthritis: pt education BB Part 2. Guest Speaker
1320 – 1415 MFH 160			Readings for Part 2: Damsky Dell, D. (2007). Getting the point about fibromyalgia. BB
Wednesday January 27	Mid term Exam 1300-1500 hrs	Prof Linda Shorting	Part 1: Mid term Exam
1300-1500 hrs ICT 121			Part 2: Introduction to the Patient Experiencing Cardiac Disease
1530 – 1650 ICT 121	Patient with a Cardiac Disorder		Readings for class: Washburn & Hornberger (2008) Nurse educator guidelines for the management of heart failure. BB Deaton, Bennett & Riegel (2004) State of the science for care of older adults with heart disease BB Pope, (2006). What's causing your patient's chest pain. BB
Tuesday February 2	Patient with Digestive and GI Disorder	Prof Linda Shorting	Part 1 : Guest Presentation
1215-1415 hrs	and of Disorder	Julie Bulloch, RN,	Part 2: Patient Perspective
MFH 160		Enterostomal Therapist and Guest	Part 3: Question Period
			Readings for class: Rayhorn (2002) Inflammatory bowel disease BB
			King (2007) Ulcerative colitis BB

February 24 1300-1500 ICT 121	Final Exam	Prof Marcy-Edwards Prof Linda Shorting	
1215-1415 hrs MFH 160			Part 2: Guest Presentation Readings for class:
February 23	& Dying	Assoc Dean Pat Roseneau RN MN	patient during death & dying.
Tuesday	Nursing during Death	Prof Marcy-Edwards	Part 1: Introduction to nursing care of the
February 23	Last day to withdraw		1.0 010000
February 14-21	Reading week		Part 2: In class team work Case Study: Mary Lafontaine No Classes
ICT 121			Al-Arabi (2006) Quality of life BB Scales, K. & Pilsworth, J. (2008). The importance of fluid balance in clinical practice. BB Perkins & Kisiel, (2005), acute renal failure BB
1300-1650 hrs			Readings for class:
February 10	and Urinary Tract Disorders		experiencing a Renal and/or Urinary Tract Disorder.
Wednesday	Patient with Renal	Prof Linda Shorting	Work at Home: Video Library- Stroke Video Part 1: Introduction to the patient
MFH 160			Readings for class: Efraimsson et al (2003) Ferris, M. (2008)
1215-1415 hrs			Part 2: Guest Presentation
Tuesday February 9	Patient with a Neurological Disorder	Prof Marcy-Edwards	Part 1: Introduction to the patient experiencing a Neurological Disorder
			Anderson, D. (2005). Preventing delirium in older people. BB
1510-1650 ICT 121	Delirium, dementia, depression		Dagogo-Jack (2002) Diabetes and surgery BB Readings for Part 2:
ICT 121			concern for patients and nurses. BB Whittemore, R. (2006). Behavioral interventions for diabetes self-management. BB
1300-1440 hrs	Endocrine Disorder		Readings for Part 1: Camden, S.G. (2009) Obesity: An emerging
Wednesday February 3	Patient with Obesity and a Metabolic	Prof Marcy-Edwards	Introduction to the Patient experiencing Obesity and a Metabolic / Endocrine Disorder

Patient Perspective Presentation

Objectives

- Identify and describe issues faced by patients with acute and/or chronic illness.
- Understand and recognize how patients with a chronic illness are different from patients with an acute illness.
- Recognize the influence of life stage, gender, and ethnicity on illness.
- Recognize how health care practitioners can affect their patient's outcomes.
- Understand health behaviors and how they relate and can be applied in the treatment of patients with acute
 or chronic illness.
- Complete presentation in a creative online format for student viewing.

Process for the Presentations:

- Students will work within their clinical groups to develop their presentation.
- Students will select a patient who is not only representative of the patient population in their clinical practice
 area, but in some way unique within their clinical practice area. It is helpful if at least one student has cared
 for the chosen patient in order to fully understand the patient situation.
- Following selection of a patient for interview, students will meet with the course coordinator for a brief discussion of the process.
- Two weeks prior to posting the presentation online, students will again meet briefly with the course coordinator to discuss development of the assessment tool.

Format of the presentations will be as follows:

- The presentations will be displayed on Bb for student viewing by February 6, 2010 midnight.
- The presentations will be in an online format. Some examples might be a Powerpoint presentation, video, newsletter or webcast.
- Samples will be located in the "Survival Toolkit" located in blackboard. The samples provided cannot be shared outside of N301 or downloaded onto your desktop.

Part One: The Interview

- Pick one patient from your clinical area to interview.
- Have confidentiality letter signed by patient and submit to course coordinator before posting into blackboard.
- Structure the interview with a focus on the patient's perspective in living with an acute or chronic disease. Recognize during the interview the specific objectives that you want to achieve as stated above.
- The interview should be at least 30 minutes in length as to provide the depth required.
- After the interview, pick two main nursing diagnoses. Create a care plan while using the nursing process.
- Find one article of significance that will correlate with the patient perspective. For example, if the patient is
 experiencing loss/grief about new diagnosis, find an article that will help you understand the patient
 perspective and nursing care required.

Part Two: The Assessment Tool

- Students will develop and provide a knowledge assessment tool at the end of the presentation.
- The assessment tool should include 3 questions posed to the class in relation to the patient perspective presentation and/or the article.

Part Three: Student Reflection

- Each student in the class will view all the presentations and pick one of the presentations and complete the
 assessment tool. You must answer the questions posed by a group presentation that you did not
 participate.
- Ensure to reference the article provided and the comments of the patient within the reflection.
- The reflection should be concise and no more than 500 words (2 pages).

Patient Perspective Presentation_Marking Rubric:

The course coordinator has the right to allocate a different grade to a student if their team informs him/her that they did not participate in the team presentation.

Category	Unsatisfactory	Satisfactory	Exceeds Expectations
Credit	0-13.0/25	13.5-20/25	20-25/25
Learning Objectives	Objectives very broad	Objectives broad but do	Objectives identify who
7.5 points	with minimal reflection of	reflect learning	the learner is, what the
	learning expectations	expectations and most	learner will do, under
	and to what standard.	material covered in	what conditions and to
	Limited relationship to	presentation.	what standard. Highly
	material covered in the		reflective of material
	presentation.	Less than half of all	covered in presentation
	December of the second of the	objectives match with	0
	Presentation material	Presentation.	Comprehensive match
	does not match		of objectives with Presentation.
Care Plan	objectives Nursing care plan has	Nursing care plan has	Nursing care plan has
7.5 points	no correlation to the	one or two nursing	two complex nursing
7.0 points	patient perspective.	diagnosis relevant to	diagnoses relevant to
	patient perspective.	patient.	patient
	There is limited	patient	pation
	correlation with online	Only one to two	Multiple references to
	presentation.	references to	learning material from
		presentation learning	presentation in care plan
		material in care plan.	
	Generic nursing care		Care plan extensively
	plan relevance limited to	Generic nursing care	detailed, holistic and
	diagnosis.	plan reflective of	reflective of patient
		diagnosis with limited	specific needs
	No evidence of nursing	patient specificity.	
	model in guiding thinking	Deale analization of	Nursing model clearly
		Basic application of	guiding development of
	Article does not correlate	nursing model to care plan development	care planning process.
	to care plan. No insight	plan development	Article strongly
	into patient experience.	Article knowledge	correlates to care plan
	into patient expenence.	reflected in care plan.	providing a greater
		Provides limited insight	under-standing of the
		into patient experience.	patient's experience and
			nursing care required.
Assessment Tool	Little or no evidence of	Two of three	Consistent evidence of a
5 points	connection to patient	assessment activities/	strong connection to
	perspective/nursing	questions have evidence	patient
	model/ presentation and	of connection to patient	perspective/nursing
	article.	perspective/nursing	model/ presentation,
		model/ presentation and	article and theoretical
Dunnantetiere	Incomplete and a state	article.	underpinnings.
Presentation 5 points	Incomplete presentation	Complete presentation	Comprehensive
5 points	in a creative online format for student	in an online format for	presentation in a creative online format for
	viewing.	student viewing.	student viewing.
	Not submitted on time.	Submitted on time.	Submitted on time.
	Not submitted on time.	Submitted on time.	Submitted on time.

Student Online Reflection Marking Rubric:

Category Credit	Unsatisfactory FAIL	Satisfactory 2.5-4/5	Exceeds Expectations 4-5/5
Personal Answers to questions	Superficial description of patient care or clinical situation. Description is	Clear description of patient care and/or clinical situations,	Comprehensive & insightful description of patient/clinical situation
5 points	ambiguous or of an event that was not witnessed	bringing forward limited number of challenges and new learning. Limited range of description.	including multiple examples of new learning and challenges. Strong holistic approach apparent.
	No examples of reflection	Frequently includes relevant examples of at least one of the following per reflection: clinical decision-making, patient assessment, or clinical judgment.	Consistently includes relevant examples of 2 or more of the following per reflection: clinical decision-making, patient assessment, or clinical judgment.
	Situation is often unrelated to learning objectives and lack evidence of learning.	Frequently relates situation and learning to learning objectives.	Consistently relates situation and learning to learning objectives.
I	Over 500 words	500 words	500 words
Reflection	Seldom demonstrates evidence related to impact of nursing practice on patient outcomes.	Often demonstrates evidence of personal and/or professional growth.	Consistently demonstrates evidence of professional growth and frequently personal growth as well.
	Seldom demonstrates responsibility for own learning and self awareness of practice.	Frequently demonstrates responsibility for own learning and self awareness of practice.	Consistently demonstrates responsibility for own learning and practice.
References	Seldom references knowledge cited in reflection.	Frequently references knowledge cited in reflection.	Consistently cites knowledge referred to in reflections appropriately using full, credible, and
	Provides incomplete reference and /or fails to use credible sources.	Acknowledges other sources of knowledge as appropriate such as prior learning or preceptor.	current citations. APA used in citations with no errors.
	No APA used. APA used with significant errors.	APA used with minimal errors with citations	
Number submitted	All questions noted answered but reflection limited to textbook understanding. No patient understanding noted.	All questions answered demonstrating limited understanding of the patient's perspective.	All questions answered with significant insight into patient's perspective.
	Incomplete submission. Past due date.	Good submission in timely manner	Excellent submission in timely manner.

WITHDRAWAL DEADLINE

The last date for withdrawal from this course without penalty is February 24, 2010.

STUDENT MISCONDUCT

Plagiarism is a serious offence which will result in the following penalty and application:

- 1. In cases in which the dean and/or faculty is satisfied that a student is guilty of plagiarism, cheating or other academic misconduct in circumstances which suggest a clear intention to deceive or otherwise commit an academic offence, the normal penalty will be either suspension or expulsion from the faculty.
- 2. In cases in which the dean and/or faculty is satisfied that an offence has been committed, but doubt is left as to the existence of a clear intention to deceive or otherwise commit an academic offence, the normal penalty will be probation.
- 3. In cases where a student is found guilty of more than a single offence, the normal penalty will be expulsion from the faculty, and in the most serious cases, expulsion from the University.

While it is recognized that scholarly work often involves reference to the ideas, data and conclusions of other scholars, intellectual honesty requires that such references be explicitly and clearly noted.

Plagiarism occurs not only when direct quotations are taken from a source without specific acknowledgement but also when original ideas or data from the source are not acknowledged.

For further information on Student Misconduct Policies, please refer to the official online University of Calgary Calendar 2009-2010, Academic Regulations, K. Student Misconduct: www.ucalgary.ca/pubs/calendar/

Intellectual honesty is viewed most seriously at the University of Calgary and compliance with standards of intellectual honestly is an expectation.

ACADEMIC WRITING

The University supports the belief that throughout their University careers, students should be taught how to write well; therefore, written assignments in this course will be evaluated based on the required elements as well as quality academic writing.

For further information, please refer to the official online University of Calgary Calendar 2009-2010, Academic Regulations, E. Course Information, E.2 Writing Across the Curriculum: www.ucalgary.ca/pubs/calendar/

EXAMINATION AND TESTS

For detailed information regarding Examinations and Tests, please refer to the official online University of Calgary Calendar 2009-2010, Academic Regulations, G. Examinations and Tests: www.ucalgary.ca/pubs/calendar/

1. Final examinations are scheduled by the Registrar's Office, University of Calgary.

The exam period is posted in the University of Calgary Calendar. A final exam can be scheduled anytime during this time period. Students must be available for examinations up to the last day of the examination period. [NOTE: This policy may not apply to some BNAT block courses which finish mid-semester.]

2. Deferred Examinations

A student who becomes ill prior to the examination and is unable to write the examination at the scheduled time will notify the course instructor. Please call the course instructor (voice mail) and leave a message stating the date and time you called, reason for missing the scheduled examination and a phone number where you can be reached so that arrangements can be made for you to write a deferred examination. You may be expected to submit a doctor's certification prior to writing the deferred examination. For further information regarding Deferral of Final Examinations Policies, please refer to the official online University of Calgary Calendar 2009-2010, Academic Regulations, G. Examinations and Tests, G.6 Deferral of Final Examinations:

www.ucalgary.ca/pubs/calendar/

REAPPRAISALS AND APPEALS

For information on reappraisals and appeals, refer to the official online University of Calgary Calendar 2009-2010, Academic Regulations, I. Reappraisal of Grades and Academic Appeals: www.ucalgary.ca/pubs/calendar/

Please note the 15 day timeline from the receipt of a mark and a request for reappraisal and/or appeal to the Associate/Assistant Dean, Undergraduate Programs.

ACADEMIC ACCOMODATIONS

It is the student's responsibility to request academic accommodations. If you are a student with a documented disability who may require academic accommodation, you must officially register with the Disability Resource Centre. Students who have not registered with the Disability Resource Centre are not eligible for formal academic accommodation. You are also required to discuss your needs with your instructor within the first week of the start of this course. Further information can be obtained at: www.ucalgary.ca/drc/ or by calling 403-220-8237.

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND PROTECTION OF PRIVACY (FOIP)